Programming Abstractions Lecture 24: MiniScheme F

Stephen Checkoway

Announcement

Homework 7 is now up on the website

- It's due on May 6

Exam 2 is one week from Monday

- Friday, Apr. 29: Exam 2 review; come prepared with questions!
- Monday, May 2: Exam 2, take home exam

Office hours Tuesday at 13:30–14:30

Use the same groups as before (this time, they should be created already)

Review: How do we parse an application like (+ 2 3)?

- A. (app-exp + 2 3)
- B. (app-exp + (2 3))
- C. (app-exp (var-exp '+) (lit-exp 2) (lit-exp 3))
- E. None of the above

D. (app-exp (var-exp '+) (list (lit-exp 2) (lit-exp 3)))

At a higher-level of detail

Applications are parsed into two parts The expression for the procedure part

- The list of parsed arguments

Evaluating an app-exp

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In steps

- We evaluate the parsed-proc and the list-of-parsed-args in the current environment
- Then we call apply-proc with the evaluated procedure and list of arguments

MiniScheme F: Lambdas

 $EXP \rightarrow \text{number}$ | symbol | (if EXP EXP EXP) | (let (LET-BINDINGS) EXP) | (lambda (PARAMS) EXP) $| (EXP EXP^*)$ $LET-BINDINGS \rightarrow LET-BINDING^*$ $LET-BINDING \rightarrow [\text{ symbol } EXP]^*$ $PARAMS \rightarrow \text{ symbol}^*$

parse into lit-exp
parse into var-exp
parse into ite-exp
parse into let-exp
parse into let-exp
parse into lambda-exp
parse into app-exp

Implementing lambdas Parsing

Parse a lambda expression such as (lambda (x y z) body) into a new lambda-exp structure

This needs

- The parameter list, e.g., '(x y z)
- the parsed body

Note that the parameter list is not parsed, it's just a list of symbols

Implementing lambdas **Evaluating**

What should a lambda – exp evaluate to?

In other words, what is the result of evaluating something like (lambda (x) (+ x y))?

Closures!

We need a closure data type

- (closure params body env)
- (closure? obj)
- (closure-params c)
- (closure-body c)
- (closure-env c)

The params and the body come directly from the lambda-exp The env is the current environment argument to eval-exp

Where should the new closure data type be defined? Why?

- A. parse.rkt
- B. interp.rkt
- C. closure.rkt
- D. minischeme.rkt

10

To recapitulate

To parse a lambda

Make a new lambda-exp object to hold parameters and body

To evaluate a lambda

Make a new closure object to hold the parameters, body, and environment Nothing new is needed for parsing calls to lambda expressions; why?

(let ([f (lambda (x) (+ x y))])(f (- a b)))

Evaluating calls to closures

- Recall: All applications are evaluated by calling apply-proc with the evaluated procedure and the list of evaluated arguments
- Here's what our apply-proc looks like after homework 6
- (define (apply-proc proc args) (cond [(prim-proc? proc) (apply-primitive-op (prim-proc-op proc) args)] [else (error 'apply-proc "bad procedure: ~s" proc)]))



Evaluating calls to closures

We need to add some code before the else

(define (apply-proc proc args) (cond [(prim-proc? proc) [(closure? proc) ...]

- (apply-primitive-op (prim-proc-op proc) args)]
- [else (error 'apply-proc "bad procedure: ~s" proc)]))



At a high level (don't think about MiniScheme here), given a closure and some arguments, how do we evaluate calling the closure?

arguments, how do we evaluate calling the closure?

Steps

- Extend the closure's environment with bindings from the closure's parameters to argument values
- Evaluate the body of the closure in this extended environment

At a high level (don't think about MiniScheme here), given a closure and some

arguments, how do we evaluate calling the closure?

Steps

- Extend the closure's environment with bindings from the closure's parameters to argument values
- Evaluate the body of the closure in this extended environment

apply-proc, there is something wrong; you don't need to do that

At a high level (don't think about MiniScheme here), given a closure and some

If you find yourself wanting to pass the environment from eval-exp to

Parsing

Parse into an (app-exp proc args)

(app-exp (lambda-exp '(x y)

(list (lit-exp 3) (lit-exp 5))

Example: ((lambda (x y) (+ x y)) 3 5)

(app-exp (var-exp '+) (list (var-exp 'x) (var-exp 'y))))

Evaluating

(app-exp (lambda-exp '(x y) (app-exp

(list (lit-exp 3) (li

This is evaluated by calling apply-proc with the evaluated procedure and evaluated arguments

Evaluating the procedure part of the app-exp gives (closure '(x y) (app-exp (var-exp '+ (list (var-e e) Evaluating the arguments gives '(3 5)

Example: ((lambda (x y) (+ x y)) 3 5)

Evaluating

apply-proc will evaluate the closure (closure '(x y) (app-exp (var-exp '+) (list (var-exp 'x) (var-exp 'y)))

e

by calling eval-exp on the body in the environment $e[x \mapsto 3, y \mapsto 5]$

Since the body is an app-exp, it'll evaluate (var-exp '+) to get (prim-proc '+) and the arguments to get '(3 5)

Example: ((lambda (x y) (+ x y)) 3 5)

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```
(let-exp '(f)
         (list (lambda-exp
                 '(X)
                 (app-exp (var-exp '*)
                           (list (lit-exp 2) (var-exp 'x))))
         (app-exp (var-exp 'f)
                  (list (lit-exp 6))))
```



Example 2 Evaluating

```
(let-exp '(f)
         (list (lambda-exp
                  ' (X)
                 (app-exp (var-exp '*)
                           (list (lit-exp 2) (var-exp 'x))))
         (app-exp (var-exp 'f)
                  (list (lit-exp 6)))
```

Evaluate the let-exp by extending the current environment e with f bound to the closure we get by evaluating the lambda-exp in environment e: (closure '(x) (app-exp (var-exp '*) (list (lit-exp 2) (var-exp 'x))) e)



Example 2 Evaluating

With f bound to (closure '(x) (app-exp (var-exp '*)

e we next evaluate the body of the let (app-exp (var-exp 'f) (list (lit-exp 6)))

This will evaluate (var-exp f) – getting the closure above – and evaluate the arguments getting (6)

environment $e[x \mapsto 6]$

(list (lit-exp 2) (var-exp 'x)))

apply-proc will call eval-exp on the body of the closure and the extended